

C. Remarks

The claims are 1-8, with claims 1 and 4 being independent. Claims 1 and 4 have been amended to exclude a hydrogen atom as a possible choice for R_1 and to improve their form. No new matter has been added. Reconsideration of the present claims is expressly requested.

Claims 4-8 have been withdrawn from further consideration by the Examiner as they are drawn to non-elected subject matter. Rejoinder of these claims is hereby respectfully requested.

Claims 1-3 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being allegedly anticipated by U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0034656 (Thompson). The grounds of rejection are respectfully traversed.

In the Office Action, the Examiner alleges that Thompson discloses L_3M structure with the ligands as recited in Fig. 49. The Examiner premises this conclusion on the fact that Thompson does not disclose that the ligands in Fig. 49 are unsuitable for an L_3M compound. Applicants respectfully submit, however, that this is not a correct standard for setting forth a case of anticipation.

Even if Thompson does not teach that the ligands in Fig. 49 are unsuitable for a L_3M compound, this does not necessarily mean that Thompson discloses a L_3M compound with Fig. 49 L ligands. The burden is on the Examiner to show that Thompson teaches the claimed structure. A showing that Thompson does not teach away from the claimed structure is not sufficient.

As previously mentioned by Applicants, the ligands in Fig. 49 are clearly limited to the L_2MX compound, as shown in paragraph [0109]. These ligands, specifically vinylpyridine ligands, are not mentioned elsewhere in Thompson. The disclosure in paragraph [0052] lends no further credence to the assertion that the ligands in Fig. 49 are applicable to compounds other than L_2MX . Specifically, paragraph [0052] unequivocally shows that ligand X does participate in the emission, and there is no disclosure or suggestion anywhere in Thompson

to replace the X ligand in the L_2MX compound with another L. Thus, any modification of the L_3M structure using the ligands from Fig. 49 or substitution of X by another ligand L in the L_2MX compound is impermissible hindsight based on Applicants' disclosure.

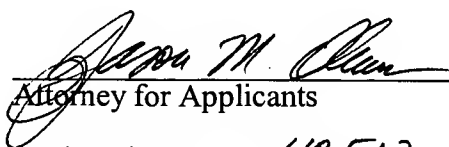
The L_3M compound in Thompson clearly has ligands different from both Fig. 49 and the presently claimed invention. Specific examples of L_3M compounds are $Ir(ppy)_3$ and derivatives thereof (Thompson, Examples 2-5). One such metal coordination compound ($Ir(ppy)_3$) is employed in Comparative Example 1 of the present application. As indicated therein, $Ir(ppy)_3$ provides a shorter luminescence half-life than the presently claimed metal coordination compounds.

Nevertheless, even if assumed, arguendo, that Thompson teaches that the L_3M compound can have the vinylpyridine ligand shown in Fig. 49, Thomson still cannot affect the patentability of the presently claimed invention. Since claims 1 and 4 have been amended to exclude a hydrogen atom as a possible choice for R_1 , the vinylpyridine ligand in Thompson's Fig. 49 is clearly outside the scope of the present claims.

Wherefore, Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of the outstanding rejection and passage to issue of the present case.

Applicants' undersigned attorney may be reached in our New York office by telephone at (212) 218-2100. All correspondence should continue to be directed to our address given below.

Respectfully submitted,



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